

- (ii) practice firing on a range with live ammunition;
 - (iii) instruction in the legal use of firearms under the provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961, and relevant court decisions;
 - (iv) a forceful presentation of the ethical and moral consideration assumed by any person who uses a firearm;
 - (v) a review of the current law regarding arrest, search, and seizure; and
 - (vi) liability for acts.
- (2) An examination shall be given at the completion of the course. The examination shall be in 2 parts which shall consist of a firearms qualification course and a written examination, which shall be approved by the Department.
- Successful completion shall be determined by the Department.
- (d) The firearm training requirement shall be waived for an employee who has completed training provided by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board, or the equivalent public body in another state, provided supporting documentation showing requalification with the weapon on the firing range is submitted to the Department; or for an employee who is also employed as a law enforcement officer as defined in the Illinois Police Training Act.
 - (e) The Department shall issue a firearm authorization card to a person who has passed an approved basic firearm

- training course, who is currently employed by an agency certified under this Act and who has met all the requirements of the Act, and who possesses a valid Firearm Owner Identification Card.
- Application for the card shall be made by the employer to the Department on forms provided by the Department. The Department shall forward this card to the employer who shall be responsible for its issuance. The firearm authorization card shall be issued by the Department in the form of a pocket card designed by the Department and shall identify the person holding the card and the name of the course where the employee received firearm instruction; the card shall specify the type of weapon or weapons that the person is authorized by the Department to carry and for which the person has been trained.
- (f) Expiration and requirements for renewal of firearm authorization cards shall be established by rule of the Department.
 - (g) The Department may, in addition to any other discipline allowed under this Act, refuse to issue, suspend, or revoke a firearm authorization card if the applicant or holder has been convicted of any felony or any crime involving the illegal use, carrying, or possession of a deadly weapon, or for violation of this Act or rules promulgated under this Act. The procedures in this Act for disciplining a licensee shall be followed in taking action under this paragraph.
- The Department shall refuse to issue or shall revoke a Firearm Authorization Card if the applicant or holder fails to

hold a valid Firearm Owners Identification Card.

The Director shall summarily suspend a firearm authorization card if the Director finds that continued use of the card would constitute an immediate danger to the public health, safety, or welfare. A prompt hearing on the charges shall be held before the Board if the Director summarily suspends a Firearm Authorization Card.

(446/190. Violations and penalties) Section 190. Violations and penalties.

(a) Any person who violates any of the following provisions shall be guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor. Any person who commits a second or subsequent violation is guilty of a Class 4 felony:

- (1) The practice of, or attempted practice of, or holding out as available to practice as a private detective, private security contractor, private alarm contractor, or locksmith without a license.
- (2) Operation of or attempt to operate a private detective, private security contractor, private alarm contractor, or locksmith agency without the appropriate valid certificate.
- (3) The obtaining of or the attempting to obtain a license, practice, or business, or any other thing of value by fraudulent representation.
- (4) Permitting, directing, or authorizing any person in one's employ or under one's direction or supervision to work or serve as a licensee if that individual does not possess an appropriate valid

license.

Whenever a licensee is convicted of a felony related to the above violations in any jurisdiction, the clerk of the court shall report the conviction to the Department. The Department shall immediately revoke any license as a private detective, private security contractor, private alarm contractor, or locksmith held by a licensee convicted of a felony

under this Section. The individual may not again be eligible for licensure under this Act until at least 10 years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed as a result of the felony conviction. If any person in making any oath or affidavit required by this Act swears falsely, the person is guilty of perjury and upon conviction may be punished accordingly.

Any person who violates any other provisions of the Act shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for the first offense.

Second or subsequent offenses shall be Class 4 felonies.

- (b) Should the Department become aware of any individual suspected of violating any of the provisions of subsection (a) of Section 120, the Department shall investigate the individual. If the investigation indicates that the individual is or was violating the law, it shall refer the information to the State's Attorney of the county in which the activity is believed to be occurring or to have occurred, and to any other criminal investigative or prosecutorial bodies or offices that have or may have jurisdiction over the activity.

(c) Direct government alarm connection prohibited. No private alarm contractor, private alarm contractor agency, or person may install or connect a burglar alarm system or fire alarm system in a manner that connects automatically and directly to a governmentally operated police or fire dispatch system in any manner that violates Section 15.2a of the Emergency Telephone System Act. In addition to the penalties provided in Section 15.2a of the Emergency Telephone System Act, a private alarm contractor or private alarm contractor agency that violates this Section shall pay to the Department an administrative penalty of \$250 per occurrence. Amended by P.A. 89-366, Section 197, effective January 1, 1996. (446/195. Confidential information - Violation) Section 195. Confidential information; violation. Any person who has been or is an employee of a licensee under this Act shall not divulge to any person, other than his or her employer, except as required by law or at his employer's direction, any confidential information acquired by him or her during his or her employment of any nature whatsoever. Any employee who violates this Section or any employee who files false papers or reports to his or her employer is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. (446/200. Deposit of fees and fines) Section 200. Deposit of fees and fines. All of the fees and fines collected under this Act shall be deposited into the General Professions Dedicated Fund. (446/205. Rights and obligations) Section 205. Rights and obligations. All rights	
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and obligations incurred and any actions commenced under the Private Detective, Private Alarm and Private Security Act of 1983 shall not be impaired by the enactment of this Act. Rules adopted under the Private Detective, Private Alarm and Private Security Act of 1983, unless clearly inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, shall remain in effect until amended or rescinded. All licenses issued under the Private Detective, Private Alarm and Private Security Act of 1983 are valid and are subject to the same authority of the Department to revoke or suspend them as licenses issued under this Act. (446/299. Effective date) Section 299. This Act takes effect January 1, 1994. Repeal of Act Section 4.14 of the Regulatory Agency Sunset Act (5 ILCS 80/4.14) provides for the repeal of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, and Private Security Act of 1993 unless, under 5 ILCS 80/4, the General Assembly enacts legislation providing for its continuation. RELATED SECTIONS OF THE CRIMINAL CODE OF 1961, AS AMENDED (720 Illinois Compiled Statutes 1992) (5/24-2.) Exemptions) Section 24-2. Exemptions.	
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(a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) do not apply to or affect any of the following:

(1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a peace officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace, while actually engaged in assisting such officer.

(2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense, while in the performance of their official duty, or while commuting between their homes and places of employment.

(3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance of their official duty.

(4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment.

(5) Persons licensed as private security contractors, private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or employed by an agency certified by the Department of Professional Regulation, if their duties include the carrying of a weapon

under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, and Private Security Act of 1983, while actually engaged

in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment,

provided that such commuting is accomplished within one hour from departure from home or place of employment,

as the case may be. Persons exempted under this subdivision (a)(5) shall be required to have completed a course of

study in firearms handling and training approved and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation as

prescribed by Section 28 of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, and Private Security Act of 1983, prior to becoming

eligible for this exemption. The Department of Professional Regulation shall provide suitable documentation

demonstrating the successful completion of the prescribed firearms training. Such documentation shall be carried at all times when such persons are in possession of a concealable weapon.

(6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or industrial operation as a security guard for the protection of persons employed and private property related to such commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as a security guard, is a member of a security force of at least 5 persons registered with the Department of Professional

Regulation; provided that such security guard has successfully completed a course of study, approved by and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training that includes

the theory of law enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm authorization card by the Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of firearm authorization cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm and Private Security Act of 1983. Such firearm authorization card shall be carried by the security guard at all times when he or she is in possession of a concealable weapon.

(7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections 24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of any investigation for the Commission.

(8) Persons employed by a financial institution for the protection of other employees and property related to such financial institution, while actually engaged in the performance of their duties, commuting between their homes and places of employment, or traveling between sites or properties owned or operated by such financial institution, provided that any person so employed has successfully completed a course of study, approved by and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training which includes theory of

law enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered to be eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm authorization card by the Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for renewal of firearm authorization cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm and Private Security Act of 1983. Such firearm authorization card shall be carried by the person so trained at all times when such person is in possession of a concealable weapon. For purposes of this subsection, "financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or company providing armored car services.

(9) Any person employed by an armored car company to drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the performance of his duties.

(10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.

(11) Investigators of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.

(12) Special investigators appointed by a State's Attorney under Section 3-9005 of